ESTABLISHED 1840.

MEMPHIS, TENN. THURSDAY, APRIL 18, 1878.

VOL XXXVII-NUMBER 89

CLOSING RATES Yesterday of cotton and gold: Liverpool cot-

ton, 5 15-16d. Memphis cotton, 10c. New Orleans cotton, 10 1-4c. New York cotton, 10 5 8c. New York gold, 100 3 8.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WAR DEPT., OFFICE CH. SIG. OFFICE, WASHINGTON, April 18, 1 a.m. For Tennessee, the Ohio valley and the lower lake region, stationary followed by falling barometer, warmer, cloudy or partly cloudy sceather, possibly occasional rains, with easterly veering to southerly winds.

OBSERVATIONS YESTERDAY.

WAR DEP'T, SIGNAL SERVICE U. S. ARMY, WEDNESDAY, April 17, 1878, 10.08 p.m. Place of Bar. | Ther. | Wind. bservation. | Bar. | Ther. | Dir. | Force. | 29.78 | 73 | 8. Fresh. Foggr. | 29.78 | 73 | 8. Fresh. Clear. | 29.88 | 66 | E. Gentle, Cisar. | 29.88 | 71 | 8. E. Fresh. Cloudy. | 29.87 | 75 | E. Brisk. Lt rain. | 29.76 | 72 | 8. E. Light. Cloudy. | 29.85 | 72 | 8. E. Light. Thret'g.

W. M. M'ELROY, Sergeant. CAPTAIN EADS'S ADDRESS. It is so often the case that topics of the utmost importance to the welfare of Memphis fail to win a manifestation of interest from its citizens, that many persons shook their heads yesterday morning when it was suggested that the Theater should be selected resident leaves this afternoon for a brief visit to New York. as the place of assembling to listen to the address of Captain Eads. In this instance, however, the attendance was all that could be wished; our principal merchants, many professional gentlemen, and a good many of "the sons of toil" filled the whole floor, every seat being taken, many standing and others finding seats in the gallery above. The audifinding seats in the gallery above. The audience was a large one, and it was a good one, for the reason that a number of ladies honored the occasion with their presence, and that the assembly was a fair representation of every class of our citizens. As one of the celebrities of the time, many people desired to see Cartain Factor agriculture of the control of the celebrities of the time, many people desired to control of the celebrities of the time, many people desired to control of the celebrities of the time, many people desired to control of the celebrities o to see Captain Eads from curiosity. As one whose genius has sometimes aroused antagonism where it merited only approbation, other sentiments toward a man who deserves

well of his country. The prevailing feeling, however, was a desire to know whether the project to rescue lands subject to overflow from danger, and the project to so improve the navigation of the river as to have the winter's ice for its only obstruction, can be so combined that the same work that accomfrom danger, and the project to so improve so combined that the same work that accomplishes one of these objects will secure the other. On this point the explanations of the cutizens of Mississippi praying for a re-Captain Eads were clear and convincing. funding of the tax paid on cotton during the The amount of sediment the water carries is years 1865, 1866, 1867 and 1868, and that it proportioned to the speed of the current; the speed of the current depends upon the width from bank to bank; when the width is great so shoals are formed. The water has then less than its normal or habitual quantity of suspended sediment, and when passing into a portion of the river where the width is the usual one, it cuts into the banks, and then carries off the sediment so obtained to the next wide place. Then, there is a new deposit, below that a new cutting of the banks, and so on down to Red river. Below that tributary the Mississippi varies in width but little, and the consequence is, there is but little caving of the banks there. Reduce the wide places to the usual width of the river and the current will be equalized; the equalized current will then carry an equal amount of sediment; the amount of sediment being everywhere equal no bars will be formed and no cavings of the banks will ensue. In other words, remove the cause and the effect will cease. But when the river is brought to a sufficiently regular width, the wide places being taken out, the whole amount of water flowing has to pass through a space that, averaging the whole length of the river, is smaller than before. The consequence is, the current acts upon the bottom, and carries off sufficient sediment from it to make up for the space lost. In doing this it deepens the channel, as it has done at the jetties. By this deepening an addition to the ordinary amount of water in the channel that, under present circumstances, would make an overflow, would reach only to highwater point. To bank the wide places, therefore, as the jetties are now banked, and so as to confine the channel within its average width, would be to accomplish with cer-

tainty what the levees accomplish only uncertainly, for they do not remove the wide places that cause the whole damage, and they are liable to caving. In short the levee system, as hitherto pursued, seeks to remove the effects without removing the cause. It allows the wide places to exist, the current to vary in speed, and the amount of sediment held in suspension to be deposited in superabundance at one point, and the deficiency supplied by cutting away banks or levees at another point, and it does not projects therefore has become one, and every citizen of the great Mississippi valley has that one object before him as the aim of his efforts, and the assured means of this business prosperity. This combination of two conflicting objects into one common object secures a power of expression in congress, command success. When Captain Eads built the bridge at St. Louis he did a great thing, when he constructed the jetties he did a great thing, but when he has taken the mighty Mississippi in hand, controlled its vagaries and corrected its irregularities so that a depth of twenty feet shall be secured from the jetties to St. Louis, and a corresponding depth to St. Paul, he will have performed a mightier feat still, and one that will wed his name with that of the Mississippi forever. As Captain Eads, aided by plans drawn on a large scale to which he pointed as he proceeded, brought out principles and practical facts, he carried his was the plain, unambitious, practical talk of ply must be contained in ten words, he said: a practical man. Without any show of oratory e has that grand feature of true oratory that consists in carrying conviction to his strong and glowing with clearness of com-

WE are of the opinion that it must be good, for the simple reason that so many praise it and physicians prescribe it. We mean Dr. Bull's cough syrup.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Both Houses Consume the Day on Matters of Little More than Ordinary Interest, Except the Intimations of a Date of Final Adjournment.

Senator Bruce's Petition from Mississippi Praying the Refunding of the Cotton Tax Presented and Referred-The Financial Credit of the Govment to be Maintained.

A Number of Bills Presented in the House-Discussion on the Resolution for Final Adjournment-Railway Land Grants-Other Matters Disposed of.

In the Senate. WASHINGTON, April 17.—Vice-President Wheeler being absent, the senate was called

THE SPECIE RESUMPTION. Senator Ferry, from the committee on finance, reported, with amendments, house

A HINT AT ADJOURNMENT. Senator Windom, chairman of the committee on appropriations, submitted a con-current resolution directing the president of

COLORED ENLISTMENTS. After brief discussion, by a vote of 38 yeas to 17 nays, Senator Burnside's bill to remove persons wished to testify by their presence their | all restrictions now existing in regard to the

enlistment of colored citizens in any arm of the United States army was indefinitely post-TO PROHIBIT GAMBLING IN THE ARMY. Senator Plumb, from the committee on

THE COTTON TAX. Senator Bruce presented a petition from be returned to the States in which it was collected if not claimed within three years. Senator Bruce said that the question was of considerable importance, and as to whether the money should be returned to the States in which it was collected, or to the individuals from whom it was collected, he was not now prepared to say, but hefelt sure it should be returned in some form. Referred.

DISTILLATION OF SPIRITS. Senator Voorhees, from the committee finance, reported adversely on the senate bill authorizing the commissioner of internative revenue, subject to the approval of the secretary of the treasury, to authorize, in special cases, the distillation and rectification of spirits to be carried on in buildings heretofore erected, and not less than five hundred feet apart, and the committee was discharged from its further consideration.

A COUPLE OF RESOLUTIONS OF INQUIRY. Senator Beck submitted the following reso

Resolved, That the secretary of the treasury be directed to furnish the senate with all the information in the possession of his dethe United States of all manufactured articles to which the tariff duties apply, including those imported as well as those produced in this country, with the proportion of each. Senator Dorsey submitted a resolution call-

ing upon the secretary of the interior for copies of all decisions of that department relative to the right of the Indians to impose a tax in the Indian Territory, and also for the copies on file in his department relating to the o-called permit law. Agreed to. THE COREAN TREATY.

Senator Sargent called up his joint resolu tion authorizing the President to appoint a commissioner to arrange a treaty with the kingdom of Corea, and spoke in advocacy thereof, and moved the reference of the resolution to the committee on foreign rela-

THE FINANCIAL CREDIT OF THE GOVERN-MENT TO BE MAINTAINED. The morning hour having expired the senate proceeded to consider the calendar. The first resolution was that submitted by Senalast, declaring it of the highest importance that the financial credit of the government be maintained, and in order to do so, the government itself, in all of its departments should, in good faith, keep all of its contract and obligations entered into with its own

citizens. Senator Morrill moved to refer the resolution to the committee on finance. Senator Beck opposed the motion to refer, and said he submitted a resolution some weeks ago in relation to the sinking-funds, which was referred to the finance committee,

deepen the river bed. What had been two and never reported. The committee had enough before it now, without taking this Senator Dawes favored the resolution senator Voorhees, and said he was ready to vote for it. He congratulated the senator

> in his resolution.
>
> Senator Morrill withdrew his motion. Senator Voorhees returned his thanks to the senator from Massachusetts [Dawes] for is indorsement of the resolution. noped and prayed that the seed sown by that

> resolution would spring up and bear fruit, and he had not hoped in vain. He was glad to see that the senator from Massachusetts had been benefited by it.
>
> Senator Bayard said he held it to be a matter of the slightest importance whether this resolution should be referred to the committee on finance or adopted. He thought the

for the elaborate speech made by the senator

from Indiana in January last. Senator Windom thought the resolution beneath the dignity of the senate. Of course no one would vote against it. Senator Beck spoke of the claims due to inpoint after point of his grand project, found-ed and fenced in in every detail with scientific were very good, our word was bad. It was like the merchant in New York who teleprinciples and practical facts, he carried his audience irresistably along with him. His know the standing of a man, and as the re-

Bond very good: word not worth a -

The last word could be understood; it was not "continental." [Laughter.]

Senator Voorhees insisted on a vote upon audience. Plain, earnest, unaffected, but his resolution, and it was unanimously agreed moa sense, Captain Eads as a speaker has a bidden force and vigor that does not appear bill to extend the time for the completion of Senator Mitchell gave notice that on Mon-

on the surface. As he proceeded his audience the Northern Pacific railroad. warmed and received some telling hits that BILLS PASSED. Bills on the calendar were passed as he mingled with his lucid demonstrations with lively applause. For a daylight meet-Senate bill extending the act of July 2 ing, and for the quality of its composition, 1862, donating public lands to the several States and Territories which may provide the meeting at the Theater yesterday stands unrivaled in Memphis. The impression pro- colleges for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanical arts, to the State of Colorado. duced was excellent, and when Memphis has The senate bill to donate a portion of the military reservation of Fort Harker to the got "the starting place" to the Pacific, she will roll up her sleeves and work in earnest for the abolition of dessolating floods and of open the remainder of said reservation to navigation obstructions on the Mississppi

settlement, was discussed at length and laid on the table under objection of Senator After executive session, adjourned. In the House.

The reading of yesterday's journal con-sumed nearly an hour, after which Mr.

Blount moved to go into committee of the whole on the postoffice appropriation bill. Mr. Cox [N. Y.] and others opposed the motion, desiring to have the morning hour and it being defeated by a vote of 80 to 150, the speaker called on the committees for

REPORTS OF BILLS. The committee on banking and currency reported a bill repealing the act authorizing the coinage of the twenty-cent silver piece.

Passed.

Mr. Phillips, from the same committee, reported a bill providing for the deposits of savings in the popular loan, and for funding the national debt in home bonds. It provides that any person may deposit money in any sum not less than twenty-five cents in any postal money-order office, and when such deposits will reach ten dollars the postmaster shall issue to the depositor, a postal order on

Mr. Hartzell reported a bill authorizing the deposit of silver bullion and the issue of certificates therefor. Referred to committee of the whole, and made the special order for May 9th. It authorizes the issue of certifi-cates of the denomination of ten dollars, and multiple thereof, in exchange for silver bullion, which certificates shall be redeemed on presentation in silver bars or dollars at the option of the treasury, and shall be receivable for dues to the government.

Mr. Rice, from the committee on Pacific

railroads, reported a bill extending the time for the completion of the Northern Pacific railroad. Referred to the committee of the Mr. House, from the same committee, reported a bill amending the various Texas Pacific acts in the same order.

The pro-rate Pacific bill, the bill establishing a Pacific railroad commission, and the bill amending the Pacific railroad acts, iden-

tical with the Thurman bill, were also re-

ported and referred to the committee of Mr. Hardenbergh reported back the bill making it lawful for the national banking associations to sell or dispose of legal-tender

associations to sell or dispose of legal-tender notes, which they are now required to hold as a reserve fund, and invest the same in United States bonds bearing interest at a rate not exceeding four per cent., which bonds shall be held as a reserve fund. Referred to committee of the whole.

Also a bill amending the revised statutes, so as to provide that any banking association which has paid out obligatory promissory notes, signed by the president, vice-president and cashier of such association, may issue the and cashier of such association, may issue the same as money; but when such notes are not signed by said officers, the association shall be fined twenty dollars for each note so paid out. Referred to committee of the whole.

RAILWAY LAND GRANTS. Blair, from the railroad committee, re ported back the bill to facilitate the sale and ettlement of the public lands granted to aid in the construction of railroad lines. Re-

PROSPECTS OF A FINAL ADJOURNMENT. message was received from the senate an-nouncing that that body had adopted a resoution for the final adjournment of congress was received with applause.

Mr. O'Neill desired to call up the resolution for present consideration, but the speaker rec-ognized Mr. Cox [N. Y.,] to move to go to the business on the speaker's table. The motion was agreed to, and the house bill for the ERECTION OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS IN KANSAS

was concurred in.

The resolution for the final adjournment of congress on the tenth of June came up.

Mr. Wood [N. Y.] moved the reference o he committee on ways and means. Mr. O'Neill rose at the same time and moved that the house proceed to its consideration now. The speaker, however, intimated to him that it was proper for the chair to recognize on that subject the chairman of the mittee on ways and means. Mr. O'Neill replied with some warmth that he presumed to be able to say as well as the chairman of the committee on ways and means, the speaker, or any other man, whether the business of the house could be finished by the tenth of June. The previous question was seconded on Mr. Wood's motion; yeas, 112; nays, 105. Then

a vote was taken by yeas and nays, and the motion to refer the resolution to the commit-tee on ways and means was defeated; yeas, 107; nays, 129.

Mr. Wood thereupon moved to postpone
the further consideration of the resolution till the third Monday in May.

Mr. Wright moved to postpone till this day week. Mr. O'Neill claimed that he had a right to

the recognition of the chair, and he moved that the resolution be concurred in. The speaker gave precedence to O'Neill's motion. Mr. Wright moved to reconsider the vote efusing to refer the resolution. Mr. Garfield moved to lay that motion on

Mr. Springer interposed a motion to ad-ourn. Rejected—yeas, 87; nays, 146. Mr. Clark [Mo.] moved that when the house adjourn to-day it adjourn to Monday. Reected on a yea and nay vote. After two hours spent in voting on these and other dilatory motions, on which the anti-tariff Democrats voted with the Republicans in order to force an early adjournment, Mr. Durham presented a CONFERENCE REPORT ON THE DEFICIENCY

for temporary clerks in the treasury depart-ment and to protect the timber lands. He was proceeding to reply to the statements of the senate conferrees in the senate when he was interrupted by a point of order made by Mr. Banks, and sustained by the speaker, that it was unparliamentary to refer to proceedings in the senate. He said that he could get at it without a violation of the rule, and he therefore asserted, in denial of the claim that the senate was as economical as the house, that the senate had tacked on to the bill amendments increasing the appropriation to the amount of about ninety thou-sand dollars. It had also been allowed, he said, that one of the points in the controversy was in reference to the appointment of special agent to lock after

"MOONSHINERS. He represented a district that was largely interested in distilling, and he was sorry to say "moonshining" existed to some extent there. He never would protect a "moon-shiner" knowingly, but neither would he vote money to the commissioner of internal revenue to send out spies to entrap men. The extravagance of the senate, he said, was as plain as the nose on a man's face [laughter] and he insisted that the house should pu down the brakes on such extravagance, as to wit, for postal clerks, he would leave the explanation about that to his colleague on

the committee [Mr. Blount]. ANOTHER MOTION TO ADJOURN was made, and was again resisted on the Republican side of the chamber, although the speaker, in response to inquiries, said that the conference report and resolution for adjournment would come up again to-morrow under the previous question. The vote was taken by yeas and nays, and was decided in the affirmative-109 to 96. The house there-

General Topics. WASHINGTON, April 17.—General Logan attacks Senator Sargent's plan for putting a large number of generals on the retired list, mself among the number, and makes an loquent appeal in behalf of General Shields. CONFIRMATIONS AND NOMINATIONS.

The senate confirmed Thomas H. C. Smith, of Ohio, paymaster in the United States armys with rank as major; H. L. Mullen, United States marshal for Delaware; James C. Tolma, United States surveyor-general for Oregon. Army promotions—Major J. W. Forsyth, Tenth cavalry, to be lieutenantcolonel First regiment of cavalry vice Elliott, promoted; Captain Anson Mills, Third cavalry, to be major of Tenth cavalry vice Forsyth, promoted; Lieutenant Colonel Washington L. Elliott, First cavalry, to be colonel Third | with difficulty. State of Kansas for the establishment of an educational or charitable institution, and to ant John B. Johnson to be captain in Third cavalry vice Mills, promoted. The President nominated Goerge B. Chamberlain, of Georgia, to be Indian agent at

Sancarlas, Arizona. IN THE COMMITTEE ROOMS.

to provide for the cheap transportation of freight between the Atlantic coast and the Ohio and Mississippi valleys, and agreed to report the bill to the house with a favorable

report the bill to the house with a favorable recommendation.

The committee also decided to report the bill authorizing the Washington, Cincinnati and St. Louis railroad company to construct a narrow-gauge railroad from Tidewater to the cities of St. Louis and Chicago.

The house committee on public lands teday agreed to report to the house, with a favorable recommendation, Representative Wigginton's bill for the relief of settlers on public lands, and to provide for the repayment of certain fees and commissions paid on void entries of public lands.

void entries of public lands. CONKLING GOES BACK ON HIS INTERVIEW. The Conkling interview, as published this shall issue to the depositor a postal order on the United States treasury, which shall issue therefor three-sixty-five bonds, which shall issue therefor three-sixty-five bonds, which shall be exempt from all taxation. Referred to the committee of the whole.

Mr. Hartzell reported a bill authorizing the within the past few months to warrant any such interview as I learn has been attributed to me, and I feel perfectly sure that if there should turn out to be some plausibility in portions of it, some one, to me unknown just at present, has been guilty of betraying a pri-

vate conversation. DYER COUNTY.

The Crop Prospects—Very Little Cotton but Abundance of Wheat Planted -Unfavorable Condition of the Latter-The Candidate Crop, Etc.

nal Correspondence of the Appeal. DYER STATION, April 16.—I have con-luded to drop you a line from this part of Cennessee, posting you about the times in general. Crops are being planted very rapidly, as the spring has opened very early. Corn is being planted in abundance. There is not as much cotton planted this season as there as much cotton planted this season as there usually has been in this county. And when the people quit planting cotton entirely, and begin to raise wheat, it is then the country will have revolutionized and start on the road to prosperity. There was more wheat planted in this county last fall than there has been appearance. in seven years previous. The prospect of a good crop is very unfavorable at present, it seems to be heading out too early—the stalk is too small and too short. Some, I believe, are complaining of rust. Agents for reapto be doing a very good business. Candidates for the county offices seem to be very plentiful, and are the most familiar men that we can meet. Oh, they are so jovial and good humored. They know you now on the street as well as on the highway. The scarlet fever has visited this county and brought distress to many families, but is now abating.

AN UGLY STORY.

shop Allan M'Coskrey of Michigan, in a Scandalous Affair -Particulars of the Bishop's Irregularities.

CHICAGO, April 17 .- The Times this morning, had a long account of the alleged im-proper conduct and scandalous proceedings of Episcopal Bishop Allan M'Coskrey, of Michigan. The substance of the story is, that for a long time he has cohabited with a young girl, whom he has educated and supported, and whom he recently mar-ried to a young man of Detroit named Bannister, who discovered the guilt of M'Coskrey, and indirectly through him the matter has reached the public. The proof of the story lies in a number of amorous and broadly-suggestive letters, written to the girl, Fannie Richards, by M'Croskey, in his sudden resignation to the committee of the diocese, in the confused denial he made to the committee, in his acknowledgment of unusual intimacy with the girl, in his identification of some of the letters, in his sudden departure for Europe, and in the reticence of dignitaries of the Episcopal church, who, although they do not affirm the story, do not deny it. On the other hand, the stories are so little authenticated that they can not be said to be more than rumors at present. Bishop M'Coskrey denies the whole story, and declares that he resigned on account of ill-health and old age, and points to a life of rectitude for seventy-four years as his vindication. It is intimated, though not urged, in explanation of the letters, that he was becoming deranged on some points, and that he wrote them while out of his head. The matter has been kept profound secret and leaked out casually There are said to be more facts lying back, but the Detroit papers publish nothing about the scandal, and no interviews hitherto held have elicited any facts here.

The International Sunday-School Con-ATLANTA, April 17.—The International Sunday-school convention assembled to-day, About four hundred delegates were present. representing all the States, the Indian Terrirepresenting all the States, the Indian Territory and the Canadian Provinces. The convention was called to order by Rev. George A. Peltz, of New Jersey. Addresses of welcome were made by Mayor Anjier and General Colquitt, and were responded to by Rev. John Potts, of Toronto, and General Clinton B. Fiske. The committee on permanent or-ganization reported unanimously in favor of General Colquitt for permanent president, and one vice-president from each State. Brief reports of the Sunday-school work in each State were made. They indicate a great in-crease in the number of schools, pupils and teachers. To-night the International Sanday-school lessons were considered, and the reschool lessons were considered, and the report of the committee read. Addresses were made by Dr. John Hall, of New York, and Dr. J. H. Vincent. The attendance of visitors is very large and great enthusiasm pre-

Important Decision Growing Out of an Ante-Bellum Slave Case. CINCINNATI, April 17 .- An old case, growig out of slave times, was decided in the United States court to day: Henrietta Wood, colored, who was born a slave in Boone county, Kentucky, but was finally given her freedom, was afterward kidnapped and taken to Covington, where she was delivered to three men, Zeb Ward, Frank Russ and Willoughby Scott. From Covington she was taken to Lexington, and after some time sent south and sold to a planter in Mississippi. She was finally liberated after the war, having served her master for nearly twenty years. Upon her return to this city she brought suit against Ward, claiming fif-teen thousand dollars. To-day she obtained a verdict for twenty-five hundred dollars.

Moses on his Way to South Carolina. NEW YORK, April 17.—Upon the with-drawal of the writ of habeas corpus in the case of Ex-Governor Moses in court to day, the prisoner was placed under the control of Sergeant Kelley, of the central office, who compared with the same period last year, delivered him to the agents of the State of while the plantations are overstocked with South Carolina, who had first arrested him,

Bread or Work Demanded. POTTSVILLE, April 17 .- The scarcity of work since last February, in the western por-tions of the Schuylkill mining region, is causing much distress among the working usual number of petitions to be filed in the people there. Dispatches from Donaldson United States courts. Seven were filed here and Tremont this evening state that a large meeting of miners and laborers was held in

LEAVENWORTH, Ks., April 17.-A thunder storm passed over this city this afternoon. nflicting severe damage. Houses were un roofed, trees blown down, and sidewalks lift-ed up bodily and hurled through the air The storm almost reached the fury of a tor-nado. Three boys, who were out in a sail-boat in the river, were capsized, and saved

A Brahmin Priest Charged with Big-TORONTO, April 17 .- Rev. T. V. Roy, a Brahmin priest, was committed for trial to-day on the charge of bigamy. Rev. Samuel Dubarow, an Episcopal minister of Philadel-The house committee on railways and canals to-day adopted the report of the subcommittee on Representative Schleicher's bill phia, swore to having married Roy, at Philadelphia, in December, 1875, to the woman Mary Elizabeth Whitlaw, his first wife, who now appears against him.

Mike White and his Two Colored Dupes Ben Evans and Eph Hale, Ranged in Huntsville by a Masked Mob in Presence of a Vast Assemblage of People,

Who Sanction the Deed, by Non-Interference, as a Just and Merited Avenging of the Brutal Assassination of George Shoenberger-Full Particulars.

pecial to the Appeal. HUNTSVILLE, ALA., April 17.—The largest crowd over assembled in Huntsville was congrege d here to-day to witness the hanging, by lysch law, of Mike White and the two negross, Eph-Hall and Ben Evans, for the dastardly assassination of George Schoenberger, one of our best citizens, who was foully murdered on Friday morning last, by being waylaid and shot as he was leaving his home at three o'clock to come to market. The ne-

A BOLD, BAD MAN, who had been rather a terror to peaceable citizens here for many years. White was a butcher, and has had the two negroes mentioned in his employ for some time, and who, it is known, were in the habit of stealing a large portion of the cattle slaughtered by him. This fact being known to Mr. Schoenberger who was one of the Schoenberger, who was one of the sufferers, he had determined to prosecute the thieves. This coming to their knowledge they conspired to put him out of the way by assassination, which they did as above mentioned. Suspicion falling upon the negroes, and circumstances pointing to them as the murderers, they were arrested, and upon examination the proof was so plain that they confessed, and told that

groes shot him at the instigation of White,

MIKE WHITE HAD HIRED THEM TO DO IT Thereupon White was arrested, and other circumstances agreeing with the statement of the negroes, he was placed in jail. The citi-zens were universally and terribly incensed, and scarcely anything else has been talked of on the street since, until fo-day the three were taken from the jail and hanged by a company of several hundred men, who came in from the country,

ARMED AND ORGANIZED FOR THE BUSINESS They were from the northern part of the county, and some from across the line in Ten-nessee, where the murdered man has many friends and relations. They came in perfect order, without noise or confusion, surrounded procured sledge-hammers, etc., and broke through the outer gate, when a committee of twelve men went into the cells, bound the murderers and brought them out, when they were marched some few hundred yards down the spring branch and executed. The com-pany of lynchers, and the citizens following, numbered perhaps three thousand. Under

THE WRETCHED PRISONERS were asked if they wished to say anything. White declined to say anything except that he was innocent, and was not afraid to meet his God. The negroes repeated the tale they last told, acknowledging their guilt, and ac-cusing White of being the cause EVANS SAID: "Mr. White, you know we were all into it

and now see what you have brought us to."

They were asked if they desired the prayers of a minister. White declined, but both the negroes begged that Rev. Mr. Gordon should pray for them, which he did in a very elo-quest and feeling manner. They were all HUNG TO THE SAME LIMB. They were taken from the jail at two clock, and at three o'clock their bodies were dangling in the air, and a few moment later their spirits had returned to the Goo who gave them, to whom an account must be rendered for the deeds done while sojourning

in this low ground of sorrow. Before he was

taken from the jail, MIKE WHITE'S WIFE was permitted to go in and take a last fare-well of the wretched man. The scene was very affecting. He was a bold, desperate man, and met his fate with firmness, "dying game," as is the general ex-pression. There was no resistance made by any of the officers at the jail, except a simple protest. The sheriff had been unable to get guards to serve, for it was known that the lynchers were coming in overwhelmning

THE GUILT OF THE PRISONERS was known beyond the shadow of a doubt, there were few if any to sympathise with them. This is the first, and all good citizens pray that it may be the last lynching that will ever be necessary in Madison county. It is hoped that it will have a salutary influence upon evil-doers. Cattle stealing has been largely on the increase here of late.

LATEST ADVICES. LONDON, April 17 .- The leading Tyne shipping firms, whose boats are now wait-ing for cargoes in Italian ports, were yester-day invited to make tenders for the immediate conveyance of troops to the Mediterranean A St. Petersburg correspondent telegraphs that the situation is unaltered. The action of Germany continues, but, so far, without result. The difference in regard to submitting the whole treaty is declared to offer an insuperable obstacle to further negotiations in the direction hitherto followed. He says he is assured on good authority that Russia would consent to some new departure, such would consent to some new departure, such as taking the treaties of 1856 and 1871 as a basis of discussion.

The organ of the ministry of foreign af

fairs has the following remarks in this sense:
"The real aim of the plenipotentiaries would be to prevent a conflagration and to regulate the east. After events, the importance o which cannot be contested, we care little as to the way of getting into the congress, pro-vided the door is large enough to admit all without any having to stoop. A special from Volo says amnesty was pro claimed Monday for all insurgents who would lay their arms down. The insurgents disregard the offer, and consider it mere sop to the opinion of Europe.

Intelligence has been received in Paris that Hassan Pasha and all the Egyptians have now returned to Egypt. Reported Deficiency in the Cuban Su-gar Crop. HAVANA, April 17.—Prominent merchants and planters are generally of the opinion that the reports that the deficiency in the sugar

crop will amount to fifty per cent. are entirely wrong. Receipts since the first of January to date show only a deficiency of one-third sugars awaiting transportation. Some think that if the rainy season commences late the crop will equal and be superior to last year's.

Increased Activity in the Rankrupt Courts. CINCINNATI, April 17.—The threatened repeal of the bankrupt law has caused an unto-day, and four in Covington. The most rominent are the following: Evans, Clifton the woods this evening, at which they demanded bread or work. Another meeting will be held Friday.

Severe Wind and Rain Storm.

From nent are the following: Evans, Cinton the following: Eva oming, Ohio; liabilities, \$25,800; assets,

> BEAUTIFUL engravings, or chromos, hangng on the wall are almost as agreeable a al-paintings, and much more easily obtained You can get either "The Old Oaken Bucket" or "Our Little Darling" by subscribing for Andrews' Bazar, published at Cincinnati, for one dollar a year. This magazine, in addition to an admirable assortment of literary

TAGGART'S

82 Beale St. 82

THE EASTERN MUDDLE

Still Shrouded in Mystery as to Final Results - Advices from One Quarter Represent a Favorable Aspect, while from Others the Condition is Not Reassuring.

The Trouble in the Turkish Cabinet Con tinues-Russia Asked to Explain her Conduct Concerning Roumania-News from Other Points.

LONDON, April 17.—Parliament separates for the Easter recess under the conviction that the emergency is not greater than it was weeks ago. The news from the various centers of interest is

NOT REASSURING. A semi-official dispatch from Calcutta says that the Indian government has received orders to send troops to Malta, and the followders to send troops to Malta, and the following regiments are designated to leave: Ninth Bengal cavalry, First Bombay light cavalry, Second Ghoorkas, Thirteenth and Thirty-first Bengal infantry, Twenty-fifth Madras infantry, two Bombay field bat eries, two companies Bombay sappers and miners, and two companies Madras sappers and miners. The infantry will be brigaded with the British at Malta. The assistant quartermaster and commissary-generals at Calcutta have ter and commissary-generals at Calcutta have gone to Malta to arrange for the reception of

Layard, British ambassador at Constanti-neple, has gone to Ismid for two days. The Turks still occupy Batoum. It is untrue that the Russians have again asked permission to occupy Bujukdere, o are going nearer Constantinople. From Vienna and St. Petersburg come re

in the latter city about Russia's position.
The Roumanians, alarmed about the occupation of their country, and the possibility of an attempt to disarm them, have withdrawn their army into Little Wallacia, where they the Russians attack them.
The steamships Devonia, Aragon and General Werder, from New York, have arrive

THE TROUBLE IN THE TURKISH CABINET CONSTANTINOPLE, April 17.—The contest in the cabinet continues. Ahmed Vefik Ef-lendi, president of the council of ministers, endered his resignation Monday, but withdrew it after a long conference with the sultan and Safvet Pasha, president of the coun-cil of state, and the refusal of Raouf Pasha and Mehemet Ruchdi Pasha to accept the premiership. Mehemet Ruchdi Pasha has been appointed minister without a portfolio.

NO CHANGE. BERLIN, April 17 .- The Provincial Cor respondence says there is no essential change in the situation, but the sharp tension of diplomatic relations appears to be yielding somewhat to more pacific views. ENGLAND WILL BE ISOLATED.

VIENNA, April 17 .- The New Free Pres. learns from Berlin that Russia may ostensi-bly agree to England's demand to submit the entire treaty to the congress. If this course is adopted it would show that Russia had agreed with the other continental powers, and that England will be isolated. RUSSIA ASKED TO EXPLAIN. BUKAREST, April 17.—M. Cogabruciano, minister of foreign affairs, confirmed to-day in the chamber the statement that the army would not allow itself to be disarmed, and

had withdrawn to the Carpathian mountains to avoid any collision with the Russians. The commandant of the Russian division near Bukarest had informed the government that

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

U. W. Miller. EDITORS APPEAL-Among the number of candidates for attorney-general of the criminal court of Shelby county there is one prominently mentioned, who, I believe, possesses especial merit and eminent fitness for the place. He is a young lawyer, it is true; but he has an experience of eleven years in the practice of his profession. He had the advantage of the best tutelage of the best criminal lawyer who ever appeared at our. criminal lawyer who ever appeared at our bar, and to this he has added—by assiduity. sobriety, and close application to his profession—much that especially prepares him for the discharge of the responsible duties of at-torney-general. He is firm and inflexible in the execution of his convictions, and would make a fair, impartial and efficient officer; and I hope the convention will present him as the Democratic nominee for the place. The country know him well, and would hail his nomination with delight. SHELBY.

Nine Thousand Operatives Stopped Work. LONDON, April 17 .- At Burnly about nine ousand operatives will be idle to-morrow. The spinners expressed their willingness to accept a reduction, but, as the weavers refused, all have stopped work. At Burnly Padeham the hands at all the mills, except about three, are either under notice or on a strike. At Preston a third of the masters have accepted the compromise proposed by the operatives for a five-per-cent. reduction.

ADDITIONAL RIVER NEWS.

CINCINNATI, April 17.—Weather fair and warm. River stationary, with 15 feet 3 inches in the channel. Arrived: Mary Houston, New Orleans; Fannie Tatum, due. No depar-LOUISVILLE, April 17-Night.-River rising with 8 feet in the canal. Weather clear and warm. Departed: Fannie Tatum and Vint Shinkle, Cincinnati; Golden Rule, New Orleans; Andy Baum, Memphis.

MARRIED.

RUDD-SAINT—At the residence of the bride's father. on Kerr avenue, Shelby county. Tenn., by Rev. Mr. Boggs, Mr. B. R. Rudd and Miss Alice E. Saint, both of this city. No cards.

The groom left with his lovely bride on the 11 o'clock train to spend their honeymoon at the residence of his mother, in Haywood county. May their wedded life be a happy one. Frank, she is worthy of you. May her love be a bright beacon to guide you o'er the shoals and breakers of life.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate. DUBLIC notice is hereby given, That b; virtue of two venditioni exponas to me directed from the Honorable Circuit Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, in the case No. 8500 and 8501, H. C. Brewer vs. J. R. Edwards, judgment rendered on the second day of February, 1872, for the aggregate sum of ninety-nine dollars and thirty cents, with interest and costs of sult; to satisfy said judgment, etc., I will, on

Friday, the 10th Day of May, 1878, or "Our Little Darling" by subscribing for Andrews' Bazar, published at Cincinnati, for one dollar a year. This magazine, in addition to an admirable assortment of literary material contributed by brilliant writers, is a special boon to the ladies on account of its splendid fashion department, illustrated with fine plates of all the novel things in costume, as well as descriptions of lingerie.

QUERY.—"Why will men smoke common tobacco when they can buy Marburg Bros.
Seal of North Carolina at the same price?"

Friday, the 10th Day of May, 1878. in legal hours, in front of the Courthouse, Memphls, Tenn., proceed to sell, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described property, to-wit: The undivided one-tenth interest of said J. B. Edwards in the county of Shelby, State of Tennessee, 7th civil district of Shelby county, Tennessee: Bounded to the following described property, to-wit: The undivided one-tenth interest of said J. B. Edwards in the county of Shelby, State of Tennessee, 7th civil district of Shelby county, Tennessee: Bounded to the following described property, to-wit: The undivided one-tenth interest of said J. B. Edwards in the county of Shelby, State of Tennessee, 7th civil district of Shelby county, Tennessee: Bounded to the following described property, to-wit: The undivided one-tenth interest of said J. B. Edwards in the county of Shelby, State of Tennessee: Bounded to the following described property, to-wit: The undivided one-tenth interest of said J. B. Edwards in the county of Shelby, State of Tennessee: Bounded to the following described property, to-wit: The undivided one-tenth interest of said J. B. Edwards in the county of Shelby, State of Tennessee: Bounded to the following described property, to-wit: The undivided one-tenth interest of said J. B. Edwards in the county of Shelby, State of Tennessee: Bounded to the following described property, to-wit: The undivided one-tenth interest of said J. B. Edwards in the following described property, to-wit: The undivided one-tenth inte

BREAD

THE members of St. Elmo Commandery,
No. 15, K. T., are hereby ordered to assemble, at the Chickasaw Parade Grounds,
this (THURDAY) evening, at 71½ o'clock
sharp, for drill. All members who intend visiting
Nashville May 1st, are expected to be present.
By order
A. J. WHEELER, E. C.
John D. Huhn, Becorder. **Executive Committee.** 

A T a meeting of the Shelby County Democratic Executive Committee, held April 8, 1878, at the Courthouse, in the city of Memphis, the following proceedings were had:

\*Resolved\*, That a Mass Convention of the Democratic and Conservative citizens of Shelby county is hereby called to meet at Cochran Hall, in Memphis,

On Thursday, April 18, 1878, at 11 o'clock a.m., to appoint Delegates to represent Shelby county at the Convention to be held at Nashville on Wednesday, May 29, 1878, to nominate candidates for positions of Judges of the Supreme Court of Tennessee.

Resolved further. That the duties of this Committee cease with the meeting of said Mass Convention, and it will be expected to select a new Executive Committee for Shelby county.

Committee for Shelby county.

JOHN DONOVAN, Chairman. LAST DAYS!

COMMONWEALTH ports of GREAT UNEASINESS AND DISSATISFACTION in the latter city about Russia's position. COMPANY.

> OF KENTUCKY. Tested by the Supreme Court of the State and found to be the only Legalized Distribution IN THE UNITED STATES.

Stick a Pin Here! NO POSTPONEMENT

Under any Circumstances, Third Grand Drawing

Tuesday, April 30th Unprecedented Scheme! All Large Prizes!

No Approximations!

bis troops would remain until they returned to Russia. The cabinet had asked Russia for to Russia. The cabinet had asked Russia for

AT \$10 EACH LIST OF PRZES: 1 CAPITAL PRIZE OF...

1 Capital Prize of...

2 Capital Prizes of \$10,000 each...

5 Capital Prizes of 5,000 each...

10 Prizes of \$2000 each...

25 Prizes of 1000 each...

50 Prizes of 500 each...

200 Prizes of 200 each...

800 Prizes of 100 each...

Whole Tickets, \$10: Halves, \$5; Quarters, \$2 50 11 Tickets, \$100: 33½ Tickets, \$300: 57 Tickets, \$500. Paid Promptly

This Distribution is subject to the closest scruliny, under the supervision of Col. R. C. Wintersmith, Ex-State Treasurer of Kentucky. Gen. Thes. A. Harris. Mexican Trading and Transpor Col. Geo. E. H. Gray,

The two previous Drawings under L. their supervision gave entire satisfaction.

Remittances can be made by Mail, Express Draft, Postoffice Money-order or Registered Letter Commonwealth Distribution Co.

Or T. J. COMMERFORD, Sec'v. COURIER-JOURNAL BUILDING. Information furnished at No. 6 West Court St., Memphis

Sherift's Sale of Real Estate.

DUBLIC notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a venditioni exponas to me directed from the Honorable Circuit Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, in the case of Duffy & Carey vs. Andrew Stein, judgment rendered on the 22d day of January, 1877, for the sum of sixty-six dollars, with interest and costs of suit, to satisfy said judgment, etc., I will on Wednesday, 15th day of May, 1878, Wednesday, 15th day of May, 1878, in legal hours, in front of the Courthouse, Memphis, Tenn., proceed to sell, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described property, to wit: Lying and being in the State of Tennessee, county of Shelby and city of Memphis, and the 14th civil district of Shelby county, and more definitely described and known as lot No. 1, block 3, on the west side of Tennessee street, having a front of 66 feet on Tennessee street and running back to the river (Mississippi) 200 feet on Vance street; thence south with said river 66 feet to lot No. 2 in said block 3; east to Tennessee street with lot No. 2, 200 feet; and thence with said Tennessee street 66 feet to the beginning, on the southwest corner of Tennessee and Vance streets.

on the southwest corner of Tennessee and Vance streets.

Also—Lots No. 13 and 14. In the 14th civil district, and known and described as lots No. 13 and 14. In block 17. having a front on Clinton street 48x93 feet each, and bounded on the north by lot No. 15, on the south by lot No. 12, on the east by an aller running north and south between Shelby and Clinton streets, and on the west by Clinton street.

Levied on as the property of defendant Andrew Stein, to satisfy said judgment, interest and costs.

Memphis, 12th day of April, 1878.

C. L. ANDERSON,
Sheriff of Shelby county, Tenn.

By W. D. Cannon, Deputy Sheriff.

ANDERSON

NOTICE IN BANKBUPTCY. n the District Court of the United States for the District of West Tennessee—In the matter of James Holmes, bankrupt—In bankruptey.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of James Holmes, of Memphis, Shelby county, Tennessee

J. A. HARTMAN, Assignee.

Memphis, April 18, 1878.

APOLLINARIS NATURAL Mineral Water!

The Queen of Table Waters. HIGHLY EFFERVESCENT. Dr. Hunter McGuire, Richmond (Surgeon to late Stonewall Jackson). "Healthful and de-lightful to drink. Valuable in Dyspepsia and ightful to drink. Valuable in Dyspepsia and Gout."

Prof. J. A. Wanklyn. St. George Hosp., London. "Highly effervescent, wholesome, and absolutely pure; superfor to all others."

Dr. R. Ogden Doremus. "Absolutely pure and wholesome; superior to all for daily use; free from all the objections unged against Croton and artificially-aerated waters."

Dr. Peter Hood. President of the Herts, Medical Society, etc. "Superior to Vichy and Vals."

Peter Squire. F.L.S., Chemist to the Gueen. 10th Edition of Companion to the British Pharmacopeia. "Exhibarating: Good for Sickness, Dyspepsia and Loss of Appetite."

C. MacNamara, F.R.C.S., C.I.S., Surgeon to Westminster Hosp., Lendon. "More Wholesome and Befreshing than Soda or Seltzer Water."

Herman Weber, M.D., F.R.C.P., Physi-

Water."

Herman Weber. M.D., F.R.C.P., Physician to the German Mosp., London.

"Of great value in lithic acid diathesis, in catarit of the bladder, and of the respiratory organs; agreeable and useful."

FRED'K DE BARY & CO.,

41 and 43 Warren St., New York.,

Sole Agents for United States and Canadas.

FOR SALK BY

DEALERS, GROCERS AND DRUGGISTS.

Sherift's Sale of Real Estate. DUBLIC notice is hereby given, That by virtue
of a venditioni exponas to me directed
from the Honorable Circuit Court of Shelby county,
Tennessee, in the case of O. Wooldridge, Assignee,
vs. O. P. Prescott, J. P. Prescott and Charles P. Prescott, judgment rendered on the 25th day of November, 1874. for the sum of one hundred and
eighteen dollars and twenty cents, with interest and
costs of suit; to satisfy said judgment, etc., I will, on costs of suit; to satisfy said judgment, etc., I will, on Wednesday, the 15th Day of May, 1878, in legal hours, in front of the courthouse, Memphis, Tenn., proceed to sell, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described property, to-wit: Situated in Shelby county, State of Tennessee, two lots, Nos. 12 and 13, fronting 40 feet each, and running back 200 feet on the east side of Dean avenue; and two lots, Nos. 19 and 20, on the west side of Dean avenue, fronting 40 feet each, and running back 212 feet. Levied on as the property of defendant, Charles P. Prescott, to satisfy said judgment, interest and costs. Memphis, 12th day of April, 1878.

Sheriff of Shelby county, Tenn.

By W. D. Cannon, Deputy Sheriff. ap18 thu

To The Trade!

Furniture and Mattresses ower than ever before sold in the city. Orders from ountry dealers especially solicited. WM. K. THIXTON (IRVING BLOCK), No. 256 Second street.

Memphis Rifle Club.

THE Memphis Rifle Club will meet TO-NIGHT April 18th, at 8 o'clock, at P. J. Quigley' office, Adams street. For Sale to the Trade, Cheap!

MAGNOLIA HAMS Canvased and Uncanvased-Other Choice Brands Fairbanks's Brand Refined Lard.

Schaeffer's Brand Refined Lard. Kingan's and other brands Breakfast Bacon Also, Dry Salt and Smoked Meats. NO GOODS AT RETAIL. C.B. CARTER & CO.

Litmer's Brand Refined Lard.

357 Front St., Memphis. Boarding & Sale Stable

If you wish to buy a good Saddle or Harness
Horse, or if you want as nice a "TURN-OUT"
as the city can afford, either Horse and Buggy or
Saddle Horse, you can always find the best at my
stable. Call and see me.

No. 378 Main street, Memphis. EMPLOYMENT. I want 1000 Agents to Canvass for

E. P. LEAKE,

THE COMPLETE HERBALIST. I will give such terms and furnish such advertising facilities that no man need make less than \$200 per month and all expenses, no matter whether he ever canvassed before or not. Address DR. O. PHELPS BROWN, 21 Grand street, Jersey City, N. J., and full particulars will be sent by return mail.

NOTICE. Mississippi and Tennessee Raileoad Compant, Secretary and Treasurer's Office.

OUPONS, due 1st April, 1878, from consolidated bonds, series A, of this company, will be paid at the Union and Planters Bank, Memphis, or at the Importers and Traders National Bank, New York, as holders may elect.

Secretary and Transurer. Memphis, March 22, 1878.

Secretary and Treasurer.

Ladies, Notice!

THE most beautiful ICE CREAM PARLOR of SPECHT & WALTER, No. 37 Madison street, has been most magnificently relitted to please the ladles and gentlemen, where they will be served with Pure Ice Cream, Sherbet and fine Confectionery, at low prices, which they also deliver, in any quantity, to all parts of the city, and safely shipped to the country. Wholesale and Betail.

PIANOS. PIANOS.

Goepel & Co.

BENSON'S **NEW MUSIC PALACE** 

307 Main st., Under Peabody Hotel. THE LARGEST STOCK OF

PIANOS, ORGANS, Musical Merchandise and Sheet Music Ever brought to Memphis. AT HARD-TIME PRICES

N.B.—Schools, Seminaries and Merchants will please give me a call. E. A. BENSON. NEW FIRMS.

NOTICE. I HAVE this day admitted JOHN H. COCKE as a partner in business. The style of the firm will be H. B. HOWELL & CO. from this date. All parties indebted to the old firm of H. B. Howell are re-

nent. March 12, 1878. H. B. HOWELL. NEW FIRM.

JOHN H. COCKE. H. B. HOWELL & CO. GROCERS. COTTON FACTORS

And Commission Merchants, 268 Front St., Memphis, Tenn. The new firm solicits a continuance of the pa-tromage heretofore extended to the old firm.